

STATE DOCUMENT REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA

MINISTERY OF RESEARCH, TECHNOLOGY AND HIGHER EDUCATION

REGULATION OF MINISTERY OF RESEARCH, TECHNOLOGY, AND HIGHER EDUCATION REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA NUMBER 45/2017 REGARDING STATUTES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MATARAM

WITH THE MERCY OF THE ALMIGHTY GOD

MINISTERY OF RESEARCH, TECHNOLOGY, AND HIGHER EDUCATION REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

- Considering: a. that to provide a reference for management and administration the three pillars college tall in environment of the University of Mataram, it is necessary to draw up the Statutes of the University of Mataram;
 - b. that in order to implement the provisions of Article 66 paragraph (1) of Law Number 12 of 2012 concerning Higher Education and Article 29 paragraph (10) of Government Regulations Number 4 Year 2014 about Implementation of Education Tall and Management College Tall, it is necessary to determine the Statutes of the University of Mataram;
 - c. that based on the considerations referred to in letters a and b, it is necessary to stipulate a Regulation of the Minister of Research, Technology and Higher Education concerning the Statutes of the University of Mataram;
- Remember: 1. Constitution Number 12 Year 2012 about Higher Education (Sheet Country Republic Indonesia Year 2012 Number 158, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5336);
 - Government Regulation Number 4 of 2014 concerning Implementation of Higher Education and Management of Higher Education (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 Number 16, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5500);
 - 3. Presidential Regulation Number 13 of 2015 concerning the Ministry of Research, Technology and Higher Education (State Gazette of the Republic of

Indonesia of 2015 Number 14);

- Regulation Minister Education and Culture Number 116 of 2014 concerning the Organization and Working Procedures of the University of Mataram (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 Number 1549);
- Regulation Minister Education and Culture Number 139 of 2014 concerning Guidelines for the Statutes and Organization of Colleges High (News Country Republic Indonesia Year 2014 Number 1670);
- 6. Regulation of the Minister of Research, Technology and Higher Education Number 15 of 2015 concerning the Organization and Working Procedures of the Ministry of Research, Technology and Higher Education (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2015 Number 889);
- Regulation of the Minister of Research, Technology and Higher Education Number 19 of 2017 concerning Appointment and Dismissal of Leaders of State Universities (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2017 Number 172);

DECIDE:

ESTABLISH: REGULATION **O F T H E** MINISTERY OF RESEARCH, TECHNOLOGY, AND HIGHER EDUCATION REGARDING THE STATUTES OF MATARAM UNIVERSITY.

CHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

In this Ministrial Regulation, all the terms mean:

- 1. Mataram University, hereinafter referred to as UNRAM, is a state university that organizes academic education and can organize vocational education in various science and/or technology clusters and if it meets the requirements can organize professional education.
- 2. UNRAM Statutes, hereinafter referred to as Statutes, are the basic regulations for the management of UNRAM which are used as the basis for the preparation of regulations and operational procedures at UNRAM.
- 3. The UNRAM Senate, hereinafter referred to as the Senate, is the organ that carries out the function of determining and considering the implementation of academic policies.
- 4. Rector is the Rector of UNRAM.
- 5. Civitas Academica is the academic community consisting of lecturers and students at UNRAM.
- 6. Lecturers are UNRAM professional educators and scientists with the main task of transforming, developing, and disseminating science and technology through education, research, and community service.
- 7. Education Personnel are members of the community who devote themselves and are appointed to support the implementation of higher education at UNRAM.
- 8. Students are students who are registered and take education at UNRAM.
- 9. Minister is the minister who organizes government affairs in the field of higher education.

CHAPTER II

IDENTITY

Article 2

- UNRAM is a public university under the Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education, based in Mataram City, West Nusa Tenggara Province.
- (2) UNRAM was established based on the Decree of the Minister of Higher Education and Science (PTIP) Number 139 of 1962 on November 3, 1962.
- (3) UNRAM was ratified by Presidential Decree Number 257 of 1963 on December 18, 1963 which took effect on the day it was stipulated and had retroactive power until October 1, 1962.
- (4) October 1 is designated as the anniversary (dies natalis) of UNRAM.

- (1) UNRAM has a symbol of golden yellow 5-petalled lotus flower with the color code #FFD700 surrounded by a black line, inside which is the word UNIVERSITY in color red on top and the word MATARAM written on bottom, 2 (two) dark green lotus leaves with 31 (thirty one) serrations each and 2 (two) light green lotus leaf bones each totaling 5 (five) pieces, lotus flower buds in the form of a pink dome circled by a black line, and 2 (two) black colored trays as containers for leaves and flower buds.
- (2) The meaning of the symbol as referred to in paragraph (1) is as follows:
 - a. a lotus flower with 5 (five) petals has the meaning of Pancasila as the basis of educational philosophy;
 - b. the red inscription UNIVERSITAS MATARAM which means UNRAM carries out its duties as a strong will higher education institution;
 - c. 2 (two) dark green lotus leaves with 31 (thirty one) serrations each with a total of 62 (sixty two) which indicates the year of the birth of UNRAM;
 - d. the light green lotus leaf bones each numbering 6 (six), so that a total of 10 (ten), have the meaning of the month when UNRAM was established;
 - e. the lotus flower bud in the form of a dome has the meaning of spirituality and knowledge that is fostered and developed within the UNRAM environment;

- f. 2 (two) stacked trays have the meaning of UNRAM, as a container for giving life and maintaining knowledge;
- g. the black color on the tray has the meaning of the nature of science;
- h. the bottom and the top of the tray are each described in layers of
 2 (two) having meaning 2 (two) islands, that is Lombok and
 Sumbawa, becomes a single entity called West Nusa Tenggara;
- i. the line encircling the black dome has the eternal meaning of the sanctity of science; and
- j. yellow color owns the meaning of being welfare.
- (3) The color of the symbol as referred to in paragraph (1) has the following color code:

Symbol	Color	Code Color
lotus flower	red guava	#FF1493
valvate five		
UNIVERSITY	red	#DC143C
essay		
MATARAM		
2 (two) pieces	dark green	#006400
leaf lotus		
bone lotus leaf	green young	#7CFC00
flower buds	red guava	#FF1493
a domed lotus		
stacked trays	black	#000000
2 (two)		
that line	black	#000000
circle dome		

(4) Symbol of UNRAM as meant on paragraph (1) is as follows:



(5) Provision more carry on about size and system how to use the emblem is regulated by the Rector's Regulation.

Article 4

- (1) UNRAM has a flag in the shape of 4 (four) rectangles with a length to width of 3:2 (three to two), golden yellow with the color code of #FFD700, with the UNRAM symbol on it.
- (2) The UNRAM flag as referred to in paragraph (1) is as follows:



(3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for using flags are regulated by the Rector's Regulation.

Article 5

- (1) Faculties and postgraduates within UNRAM have a flag in the shape of 4 (four) rectangles with a length to width of 3:2 (three to two) with different colors and the UNRAM symbol is in the center and the name of each faculty is written underneath.
- (2) The flag referred to in paragraph (1) as follows:
 - a. the color of the flag of the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education is white with code color of #FFFFFF with black writing of FKIP with the color code of #000000, with the following image:



b. the color of the flag of the Faculty of Law is red with code color of #FF0000 with the word FACULTY OF LAW is written underneath in black color with color code of LAW is black with the color code of #000000 in the

following image:



 c. the flag of the Faculty Economy and Business colored blue with color code of #0000FF with the words FACULTY OF ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS written in black with color code of #000000, with the following picture:



d. the color of the flag of the Faculty of Agriculture is yellow with the color code of #FFFF00 with the words FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE in black with color code #000000, with the image as follows:



e. the color of the flag of the Faculty of Animal Husbandry is orange with the color code #FFA500 with the words FACULTY FARM colored black with color code of #000000, with the image as follows:



f. the color of the flag of the Faculty of Engineering is purple with the color code #BF00FF with the words FACULTY OF ENGINEERING in black with the color code of #000000, with the following image:



g. the color of the flag of the Faculty of Medical Science is green with color code #32CD32 with the words FACULTY OF MEDICINE in black with color code #000000, with the following picture:



 h. the color of the flag of the Faculty Mathematics and Natural Science is light blue with the color code #00FFFF, with the words FACULTY OF MIPA in black with the color code #000000, with the image as follows:



i. the color of the flag of the Faculty Food Technology and Agroindustry is light brown with color code #964B00 with the words FACULTY OF FOOD TECHNOLOGY AND AGROINDUSTRY in black with color code #000000, with the following picture:



 the postgraduate flag is red maroon with the color code of #FF69B4 with the words POSTGRADUATE colored black with code color #000000, with the following image:



(2) Further provisions regarding the procedures for using faculty and postgraduate flags are regulated by the Rector's Regulation.

Article 6

- (1) UNRAM own hymn and Mars.
- (2) Hymn UNRAM as meant on paragraph (1) as follows:

(3) Mars UNRAM as referred to in paragraph (1) as follows:

MARS UNRAM		
Do=G Ma 4/4	arcia Oleh : Dra. Hj. Fitriati H Arr : Drs. Sumarjana	
Suara I	3.4 5 3 1 5 3.10 6.7 1 1 7 6 7.70 4 4.24.6	
Suara II	3.2 3 5 3 3 1.50 4.5 6 5 4 3 4.40 4 4.2 4.6	
Suara III	3.2 1 1 3 5 5.30 2.3 4 3 2 3 2.70 2 2.7 2.3 U-ni-ver-si-tas Ma-ta-ram brikan a-mal dan bak-ti-mu Me-nu-ju ci ta	
	1. 70 5.6 7 6 5 4 3.06 5 4 3.30 5.1 3.10 1	
	6. 50 5.5 5 6 4 2 3.04 3 2 3.30 5.5 1.50 5	
	4.202.3 4422 1.0217 1.103.4 5.303 Mu-lia tu-rut mem-ba- ngun bang-sa sa-dar kwa-ji-ban dan tu-gas- mu Mem-	
	1 1 2 3 4 . 60 6.7 1 1 7 6 5 3 10 1.2 3 .3 4.2 1 7	
	1 7 X X 6 . 40 4.5 6 1 5 4 3 1 50 1.7 1 .1 1.6 7 5	
	3 1 2 3 4 . 40 2 3 4 5 4 2 1 3 10 5.6 5 5 4 2 5 bim-bing pu- tra bang- sa bekal il- mu i- man dan taq- wa te- kad tak ke-nal rin- ta-	
	1 .0 1.7 6 64 6 2 1. 50 5 2 3 4 2 5 .0 5 5 ba- ri- san ter-de- pan ber- ju- ang ber- kar- ya member	
	5.0. <u>.i</u> i7 6 \$1 6 7 i. <u>.</u> 7 76 5 4 3 i 50.	
	1 .0 . .6 6 5 4 <i>4</i> 5 4 3 . .2 23 4 4 5 6 50 . ngan- kita ki- ta ba- ri- san ter- de- pan ber- juang ber- kar- ya- a- a	
	4 55 6 20 5 .6 7 5 .5 2 .1 7 .6 7 .6 5 4 5 .0 3 .4 5 3 1 5 daya-kan u-mat ma-nu sia pe re kat ke sa tu an per sa tu an uni-ver-si-tas ma-	
	1.4 44 4.155 56 7.16.6 66 1.6 6.615 15 3.21 3 5 3 31	
	1.2 22 2 .144 44 2.12.3 4.3 4.4 5 4 5 65 3.2 1 1 3 5 1 ber- daya- kan umat manu sia ke- sa- tuan dan per- sa- tu- an- an uni- ver- si- tas ma-	
	3. 10 6.7 1 1.1 7 6 7.70 4 4.2 4.6 1.70 5.6	
	i . 50 4.5 6 5.5 4 3 4 .40 4 4.2 4 .6 6 .50 5.5	
	5 . 30 2.3 4 3.3 2 3 2 .70 2 2.7 2 .3 4 .20 2.3 ta- ram bagai ma-ta a- ir me- nga- lir ben- tuk in- san yang cer- das berbu-	
	7 <u>6.6</u> 5 4 3 .06 <u>5</u> 4 3 .30 <u>5 1</u> 3 . <u>i0</u> <u>1.1</u> <u>i</u> <u>i</u> <u>i</u> <u>z</u> <u>3</u>	
	5 6 6 4 2 3 .04 3 2 3 .30 5.5 1 .50 5.5 1 7.7 X X	
	4 4 4 4 2 1 . 02 1.7 1.10 3 . 4 5 . 30 3 . 3 5 5 . 5 4 3 di bera- khlak mu- lia Ga- li- lah il- mu de- ngan sma- ngat se- ti a pa- da al- ma-	
	<u> 4</u> .606.7 1176 53101.2 34.217 1.0∥	
	6.404.5 6154 3 i 601.7 i 1.675 5.0	
	4.4 2.3 4 5 4 2 1 3 10 56 5 4.3 2 5 1.0 ma ter sela- lu ber- si- nar ce- mer- lang jaya- lah sepan- jang ma- sa	

(4) Provision more carry on about system method use of hymns and Mars UNRAM arranged with Regulation Rector.

- (1) UNRAM has academic clothing and *alma mater* clothing.
- (2) academic clothing as referred to paragraph (1) consists of:a. academic leader clothing;
 - b. academic professor clothing; and
 - c. academic graduates clothing.

- (3) academic leader clothing as meant in paragraph (2) letter (a) consists of:
 - a. a black toga, the neck of the toga, the opening line of the toga covered with yellow cloth, with the cuffs around the wrist covered with black cloth 15 (fifteen) centimeters wide;
 - b. a black pentagonal hat with pigtails colored according to the flag of the faculty; and
 - c. necklace made of yellow gold metal with the symbol of UNRAM.
- (4) Professor's academic clothing as referred to in paragraph (2) letter b consists of:
 - a. black toga, toga neckline, toga opening line covered with yellow cloth, with cuffs around the wrist covered with yellow cloth 15 (fifteen) wide centimeters;
 - b. a black pentagonal hat with pigtails colored according to the flag of the faculty; and
 - c. The necklace is made of cloth according to the color of the faculty flag, at the end of which there is a golden yellow metal gordon bearing the UNRAM symbol.
- (5) Graduate academic clothing as referred to in paragraph (2) letter c consists of:
 - a. black toga, the neck of the toga, the opening line of the toga covered with yellow cloth, with the cuffs around the wrist covered with black cloth 15 (fifteen) centimeters wide;
 - b. a black pentagonal hat with pigtails in the color of the faculty flag; and
 - c. The necklace is made of cloth according to the color of the faculty flag, at the end of which there is a golden yellow metal gordon bearing the UNRAM symbol.
- (6) Gordon is made of yellow gold metal bearing the UNRAM symbol which is tied to a sash according to the color of the faculty flag.
- (7) (1) The attire of the alma mater as referred to in paragraph (1) is a dark blue jacket with the color code #002147 and on the left chest there is the UNRAM symbol.
- (8) Further provisions regarding academic attire and alma mater attire are regulated by the Rector's Regulation.

CHAPTER III

MANAGEMENT OF THE THREE PILLARS OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Part One Education

Article 8

- UNRAM organizes academic education and can organize vocational education in various science and technology clusters, and if it meets the requirements, UNRAM can organize professional education.
- (2) The implementation of academic education as referred to in paragraph
 (1) includes undergraduate programs, master programs, and doctoral programs.
- (3) The implementation of vocational education as referred to in paragraph (1) includes applied diploma and undergraduate programs, and UNRAM can organize applied master's programs and applied doctoral programs in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (4) The implementation of professional education as referred to in paragraph (1) includes professional programs and specialist programs.
- (5) Further provisions regarding the administration of education as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated by: Rector Regulation after getting Senate considerations.

- Undergraduate academic education is directed at producing undergraduates who have the following qualifications:
 - a. honest, responsible, able to work together, disciplined, independent, tolerant, and have conscience and empathy; and
 - at least in depth mastering of the theoretical concepts in the field of knowledge and skills in general and the theoretical concepts specifically in the field of knowledge and skills.
- (2) Graduate academic education is directed to produce graduates who have the following qualifications:
 - a. honest, responsible, able to work together, disciplined, independent, tolerant, and have conscience and empathy; and
 - b. at least mastering the theory and application theory of certain fields of knowledge.
- (3) Vocational education is directed at producing graduates who have the following qualifications:
 - a. honest, responsible, able to work together, disciplined, independent, tolerant, and have conscience and empathy; and
 - b. at least mastering theoretical concepts in certain fields of

knowledge and skills in general.

- (4) Professional education is directed to produce graduates who have the following qualifications:
 - a. honest, responsible, able to work together, disciplined, independent, tolerant, and have conscience and empathy; and
 - b. at least mastering the theory of application of certain knowledge and skills.

Article 10

- (1) The academic year at UNRAM is divided into 2 (two) semesters, namely the odd semester and the even semester as outlined in the academic calendar.
- (2) The academic year at UNRAM is determined in accordance with statutory provisions.
- (3) Each semester consists of 16 (sixteen) weeks of lectures including 1 (one) midterm exam and 1 (one) final semester exam.
- (4) The academic year starts in September and ends in August of the following year.
- (5) Further provisions regarding the academic year referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated by the Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

- Education is carried out using the Semester Credit System (SKS) in which the learning weight is expressed in semester credit units (sks).
- (2) Semester credit units (sks) are the measurement of time for learning activities that are charged to students per week per semester in the learning process through various forms of learning or the amount of recognition for the success of student efforts in participating in curricular activities in a study program.
- (3) Education as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out through lectures, practicums, seminars, symposiums, discussions, workshops, field practices, and other scientific activities.
- (4) To fulfill graduate learning outcomes, students must take the following study load:
 - a. a maximum of 2 (two) academic years for a diploma one program, with a student study load of at least 36 (thirty six) credits;
 - a maximum of 3 (three) academic years for a diploma two program, with a student study load of at least 72 (seventy two) credits;
 - c. a maximum of 5 (five) academic years for diploma program

three, with a student study load of at least 108 (one hundred and eight) credits;

- d. a maximum of 7 (seven) academic years for undergraduate programs, fourth diploma programs or applied undergraduate programs, with a student study load of at least 144 (one hundred and forty four) credits; and
- e. a maximum of 3 (three) academic years for a professional program after completing an undergraduate program, or a diploma four program or an applied undergraduate program, with a student study load of at least 24 (twenty four) credits.

Article 12

- (1) The curriculum is a set of plans and arrangements regarding objectives, content, and teaching materials as well as the methods used as guidelines for organizing teaching and learning activities to achieve educational goals.
- (2) The curriculum as referred to in paragraph (1) is compiled and developed by each faculty in accordance with higher education national standards for each study program which includes the development of intellectual intelligence, noble character, and skills.
- (3) The curriculum is regularly evaluated and refined according to the dynamics of scientific development and the needs of students, society, the world of work, and development programs.
- (4) The curriculum aims to equip and direct students to achieve expertise, skills, skills, reasoning, morality, and ethics that are carried out at certain levels of education.
- (5) Further provisions regarding the curriculum are regulated by Rector's Regulation after get Senate considerations.

- UNRAM conducts an assessment of the activities and progress of student learning outcomes.
- (2) Evaluation activity and progress of the students as referred to in paragraph (1) are carried out by lecturers periodically in the form of exams, structured assignments, observations, and/or other forms of assessment.
- (3) Assessment of results is carried out periodically throughout the learning process.
- (4) Exam as meant on paragraph (2) covers daily exams, midterm exams, final semester exams, and final exams for study programs.
- (5) The final exam for the study program as referred to in paragraph (4) consists of a comprehensive exam, written exam, thesis exam/final

thesis exam, or dissertation exam.

- (6) Structured assignments as referred to in paragraph (2) are assignments given by lecturers to students in the form of individual assignments or group assignments in accordance with the learning objectives.
- (7) The observation referred to in paragraph (2) is carried out to assess the affective and psychomotor aspects.
- (8) Evaluation activity and progress of the students referred to in paragraph (1) have a certain weight as follows:

a. alphabet A equivalent with number 4 (four);

- b. alphabet B+ equivalent with number 3.5 (three point five);
- c. alphabet B equivalent with number 3 (three);
- d. alphabet C+ equivalent with number 2.5 (two point five);
- e. alphabet C equivalent with number 2 (two);
- f. alphabet D+ equivalent with number 1.5 (one point five);
- g. alphabet D equivalent with number 1 (one); and

h. alphabet E equivalent with number 0 (zero).

Assessment of learning outcomes is carried out at the end of each semester.

- (9) Student learning outcomes in a semester are expressed by the Semester Achievement Index (IPS).
- (10) Student learning outcomes in a study period are expressed by the Grade Point Average (GPA).
- (11) Further provisions regarding the assessment of student learning activities and progress as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated by a Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

- Assessment of student learning processes and outcomes is carried out in order to the graduate learning outcomes.
- (2) Assessment of student learning processes and outcomes is carried out thoroughly and continuously in a way that is in accordance with the characteristics of education.
- (3) To encourage higher academic achievements, awards can be given to students and graduates.
- (4) Graduates referred to in paragraph (3) can be given the title of satisfactory, very satisfying, and praise (*cum laude*) is given to graduates with special achievements.
- (5) Predicate as meant on paragraph (3) is determined by the following criteria:
 - a. Students are declared to have graduated with a satisfactory predicate if they achieve a GPA of 2.76 (two point seventy six) to 3.00 (three point zero zero);

- b. Students are declared to have graduated with a very satisfactory predicate if they achieve a GPA of 3.01 (three point zero one) to 3.50 (three point five zero); or Students are declared to have graduated with honors if they achieve a GPA of more than 3.50 (three point five zero).
- (6) Further provisions regarding the assessment of learning processes and outcomes, evaluation of achievements, and graduation certificates are regulated by a Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

Article 15

- Yudisium is the determination of graduation and graduation predicates of students from a study program.
- (2) At the end of the implementation of academic, vocational, and/or professional education programs are carried out graduation ceremony.
- (3) Graduation is a process of inaugurating student graduates who have completed all learning programs.
- (4) Further provisions regarding graduation and graduation are regulated by the Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

Article 16

- (1) Indonesian is the language of instruction in organizing higher education the three pillars in UNRAM.
- (2) Local languages and foreign languages can be used both in the implementation of higher education the three pillars and in the delivery of certain knowledge and/or skills to further increase the usability and effectiveness of the learning process and the competitiveness of the graduates.

- UNRAM organizes new student admissions through the selection process for new student admissions in accordance with statutory provisions.
- (2) For Becomes Student UNRAM, somebody must:
 - a. have a high school diploma or Madrasah Aliyah or the equivalent for Diploma and Bachelor program students;
 - b. own certificate Undergraduate or equivalent for Masters program students;
 - c. have a masters degree or otherwise equal for Doctoral program students; and

d. have the capabilities required by UNRAM.

- (3) UNRAM can accept transfer students from other state universities, students on study assignments/study permits, and foreign students in accordance with statutory provisions.
- (4) UNRAM is required to allocate places for prospective Indonesian students who have high academic potential who come from economically disadvantaged families.
- (5) UNRAM can accept students with special needs according to the available facilities and infrastructure.
- (6) Further provisions regarding the acceptance of new students are regulated by the Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

Part Two

Research

- To achieve UNRAM's vision and mission in 2025, UNRAM has developed a superior research pattern based on the scientific field groups.
- (2) Research activities held at UNRAM include basic research, applied research, and development research.
- (3) The research referred to in paragraph (2) is an integrated activity to support education, teaching and community service activities.
- (4) Basic research is intended to develop knowledge.
- (5) Applied research is intended to support education, institutional development, and science and/or technology.
- (6) Development research is intended to produce certain products and test the effectiveness of these products.
- (7) The research referred to in paragraph (2) is carried out for:
 - a. seeking and/or discovering new scientific and/or technological contents; and
 - reexamine theories, concepts, principles, procedures, methods, and/or models that have become the content of science and/or technology.
- (8) Research is carried out by following scientific principles and ethics in the field of interest.
- (9) Research activities can be carried out by lecturers and students, both individually and in groups.
- (10) Research activities can be through cooperation between universities tall and/or institution other, good from the inside country nor

outside country.

- (11) Research implementation is managed and coordinated by the Institute for Research and Community Service.
- (12) Research results must be disseminated by means of seminars, publication, and/or patenting, except for research results that are confidential, disruptive, and/or endanger the public interest.
- (13) The publication as referred to in paragraph (12) is carried out in an accredited national scientific journal or an international scientific journal recognized by the Ministry and in other scientific publications.
- (14) Research results that constitute intellectual property must be protected in accordance with statutory provisions.
- (15) Provision more carry on about maintenance research activities are regulated by a Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

Part Three

Public Services

- Community service is carried out in the context of utilization, utilization and development of science and/or technology for the benefit of society.
- (2) Community service is carried out by lecturers and students and can involve educational staff, both individually and in groups.
- (3) Community service can be carried out as a follow-up to the research results.
- (4) Community service is carried out intra-, inter-, cross-, and/or multisector.
- (5) Community service is carried out to contribute to regional development and community empowerment through collaboration with other institutions, both domestic and overseas.
- (6) Implementation of community service includes planning, implementation, monitoring, and evaluation activities.
- (7) Utilization of the results of community service is oriented towards community empowerment.
- (8) The results of community service can used as a basis for further research.
- (9) The results of community service are documented and could be published in scientific journal or in the form of other publications that are easily accessible to the public, both domestically and abroad.

- (10) Administration devotion to community is managed and coordinated by the Institute of Research and Community Service.
- (11) Further provisions regarding the implementation of community service activities are regulated by the Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

Part Four Code ethics and Academic Ethics

- (1) UNRAM owns code of Ethics and academic ethics.
- (2) The UNRAM Academic Community must uphold the code of ethics and academic ethics and maintain the good name and honor of UNRAM, both inside and outside the campus environment.
- (3) The UNRAM Academic Community is obliged to create an atmosphere for a scientific community that is creative, constructive, innovative, and responsible based on ethics, scientific principles, and applicable norms.
- (4) Violations of the code of ethics and academic ethics as referred to in paragraph (1) may be subject to sanctions.
- (5) Further provisions regarding the code of ethics, academic ethics, and sanctions as referred to in paragraph (1) up to paragraph (4) is regulated by a Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

Part Five

Academic Freedom, Freedom of Academic Forum, and Scientific Autonomy

Article 21

- Academics can carry out academic freedom, freedom of academic forums, and scientific autonomy independently and based on scientific norms and principles.
- (2) Academic Freedom as meant on paragraph (1) is the freedom possessed by members of the Academic Community to carry out scientific activities within the UNRAM environment.
- (3) The freedom of the academic forum as referred to in paragraph (1) is the freedom possessed by the Lecturer in conveying thoughts and opinions according to their field of expertise freely in accordance with scientific norms and rules.
- (4) Scientific autonomy as referred to in paragraph (1) is intended as independence and freedom Academic community in discovering, developing, expressing, and/or defending the truth according to scientific principles to ensure the continuity of the development of branches of science and technology.
- (5) Academics in carrying out academic freedom are personally responsible in accordance with scientific norms and principles.
- (6) Academics in exercising academic freedom can use university resources with the permission of the authorized official.
- (7) The implementation of academic freedom is directed at consolidating the realization of the self-development of the academic community related to science and technology.
- (8) Academics can invite experts to express opinions in accordance with scientific norms and principles in the context of implementing freedom of academic speech.
- (9) Further provisions regarding academic freedom, freedom of academic expression, and scholarly autonomy are regulated by a Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.

Part Six

Degree and Award

- UNRAM provides academic degrees, diplomas, certificates accompanying diplomas, and/or competency certificates to students who have passed.
- (2) The academic degrees referred to in paragraph (1) include degrees in academic education, professional education, and vocational education.

(3) The awarding of academic degrees and the writing of title names as referred to in paragraph (2) are regulated in accordance with the provisions of the laws and regulations.

Article 23

- (1) Undergraduate academic degrees are placed behind the names of graduates of undergraduate study programs by including the letter "S" followed by the degree initials.
- (2) The master's academic title is placed behind the name of the graduate of the master's study program by including the letter "M" followed by the degree initials.
- (3) The doctoral academic title is placed in front of the name of the graduate of the study program by including letters "Dr".
- (4) Vocational degrees are placed behind the names of study program graduates with the following provisions:
 - a. Program Diploma I is Expert Primary (AP.);
 - b. Program Diploma II is Expert Young (AM.);
 - c. Program Diploma III is Expert Middle (AMd.); and
 - d. Program Diploma IV is Bachelor Applied (S.Tr.).
- (5) Professional degrees are regulated in accordance with statutory provisions in each professional education program.
- (6) The use of titles and designations is carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 24

- UNRAM can confer an Honorary Doctorate degree (*Doctor Honoris Causa*) to someone who is deemed to have contributed and/or made extraordinary work for science, technology, art, social, culture, and/or merit in the field of humanity and/or society.
- (2) The conferment of the title of Honorary Doctor as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out in accordance with the provisions of the laws and regulations.

- (1) UNRAM can give awards to a person, group, or institution who excels in the scientific field and/or contributes to the development of science and technology and the development of UNRAM.
- (2) Provisions regarding awarding as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated by the Rector's Regulation.

CHAPTER IV

VISION, MISSION, AND ORGANIZATION

Part One

Vision, Mission, and Objectives

Article 26

UNRAM's Vision: To become a research-based and internationally competitive higher education institution in 2025.

Article 27

UNRAM's Missions:

- a. carrying out research-based higher education processes with national and international quality standards in order to produce human resources who have faith and are devoted to God Almighty, have noble character, have competence in their fields, and have a global outlook;
- b. carry out research activities with national quality standards and international for producing knowledge and technology, solving problems in the community, supporting quality learning processes, and community service;
- c. carry out community service activities based on research results in order to contribute to solving problems in society, encouraging economic growth, and building social and cultural institutions of the nation;
- building a planning system, information system and network system of cooperation with various parties, domestically and abroad in order to support the implementation of the Three Pillars of higher education; and
- e. building a good, efficient, effective, transparent and accountable university governance system (*good university governance*) in order to support the implementation of the Three Pillars of higher education.

Article 28

UNRAM's objectives are stated as follows:

- a. produce graduates who believe in and fear the Almighty God, have noble character, have competence in their fields, have a global outlook, so they are able to compete nationally and internationally in the era of globalization;
- b. produce research with national and international quality standards in the form of science and technology, as well as references for solving various national, regional and international problems;

- c. disseminating science and technology research results in the form of community service in in order to participate and contribute to the development of the nation's economy, social institutions, and culture;
- d. develop planning systems, information systems and extensive cooperation systems with various parties, domestically and abroad to support the implementation of the three pillars of higher education; and
- e. implementing good, efficient, effective, transparent and accountable *university governance (good university governance)* to support the implementation of the Three Pillars of higher education.

Article 29

- To realize the vision, mission and objectives as referred to in Article
 26, Article 27 and Article 28, UNRAM compiles:
 - a. a long-term development plan that includes a 25 (twenty five) year development plan and program;
 - b. strategic plan that contains plans and 5 (five) year development program; and
 - c. operational plan is an elaboration of the strategic plan that contains programs and activities for 1 (one) year.
- (2) Further provisions regarding long-term development plans, strategic plans, and operational plans as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated by a Rector's Regulation.

Part Two Organization of UNRAM

Paragraph 1 General

Article 30

Organs of UNRAM consists of:

- a. Senate;
- b. Rector;
- c. Unit Supervisor internal; and
- d. Board Consideration.

Paragraph 2 Senate

Article 31

(1) The Senate as referred to in Article 30 letter a is an organ that carries out the function of determining and considering the implementation of

academic policies.

- (2) In carrying out the functions referred to in paragraph (1), the Senate has the following duties and authorities:
 - a. establish policies, norms/ethics, and academic code of ethics;
 - b. supervision to:
 - 1. application norms/ethics academic and code ethics of the Academic Community;
 - 2. application provision academic;
 - implementation of university quality assurance height at least refers to the national standard of higher education;
 - implementation of academic freedom, freedom of academic expression, and scientific autonomy;
 - 5. implementation system orderly academic;
 - 6. implementation of the appraisal policy Lecturer performance; and
 - 7. implementation of learning processes, research, and community service.
 - c. provide considerations and suggestions for improving the learning process, research, and community service to the Rector;
 - d. give consideration to the Rector in opening and closing study programs;
 - e. give consideration to the granting or revocation of academic degrees and awards;
 - f. give consideration to the Rector in proposing head professors and professors; and
 - g. provide recommendations for the imposition of sanctions on violations of academic norms, ethics, and regulations by the Academic Community to the Rector.
- (3) In carry out Duty and authority as referred to in paragraph (2), the Senate prepares a report on the results of supervision and submits it to the Rector for follow-up.

Article 32

- (1) The Senate is led by a chairman and assisted by a secretary.
- (2) Member Senate consists of:

a. 5 (five) people vice lecturer from each faculty;

- b. Rector;
- c. vice Rector;
- d. dean;
- e. director postgraduate; and
- f. chairman institution.

- (3) Lecturer vices as referred to in paragraph (2) letter a consist of:
 - a. 2 (two) people professor which chosen by professor from each faculty; and
 - b. 3 (three) Lecturers who are not professors selected by Lecturers are not professors from each faculty.
- (4) Senate consists on:
 - a. chairman concurrently member;
 - b. secretary concurrently member; and
 - c. member.
- (5) The membership of the Senate as referred to in paragraph (2) is determined by a Rector's Decree.
- (6) The chairperson and secretary of the Senate as referred to in paragraph(4) letters a and b are held by members of the Senate who come from Lecturer vices.
- (7) The term of office for members of the Senate and Lecturer vices is 4 (four) years and can be re-elected for 1 (one) term of office.
- (8) The Senate in carrying out its functions may establish commissions or other appropriate designations with need.
- (9) Further provisions regarding Senate membership are regulated by Senate Rules.

Paragraph 3 Rectors

- (1) The Rector as referred to in Article 30 letter b is an UNRAM organ that performs the function of establishing non-academic policies and managing UNRAM for and on behalf of the Minister.
- (2) The Rector as referred to in paragraph (1) is led by the Rector.
- (3) To carry out the functions referred to in paragraph (1), the Rector has the following duties and authorities:
 - a. draw up the Statutes and their amendments to be proposed to the Minister after obtaining the approval of the UNRAM organs;
 - b. formulate and/or modify long-term development plans;
 - c. prepare and/or change the 5 (five) year strategic plan;
 - d. prepare and/or amend work plans and annual budgets (operational plans);
 - e. managing education, research, and community service in accordance with the work plan and annual budget;
 - f. appoint and/or dismiss heads of work units under the Rector in accordance with statutory provisions;
 - g. impose sanctions on academics who violate academic norms,

ethics, and/or regulations based on recommendations from the Senate;

- impose sanctions on Lecturers and Education Personnel who commit violations in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations;
- i. fostering and developing Lecturers and Education Personnel;
- j. accept, foster, develop, and dismiss students;
- k. manage the budget in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations;
- 1. organize a management information system based on reliable information and communication technology that supports the management of higher education the three pillars, accounting and finance, personnel, student affairs, and alumni affairs;
- m. prepare and submit an accountability report on the implementation of higher education the three pillars to the Minister;
- propose the appointment of head professors and professors to the Minister;
- fostering and developing relationships with alumni, Central Government, Local Government, users results activity the three pillars college height, and society; and
- p. maintain campus security and order as well as work comfort to ensure the smooth running of the three pillars of higher education.

- (1) Rector as organ manager consists on:
 - a. Rector and vice- Rector;
 - b. bureau;
 - c. faculty and postgraduate;
 - d. institution; and
 - e. technical unit implementer;
- (2) The organizational structure and work procedures of UNRAM as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated in the Regulation of the Minister of Education and Culture Number 116 of 2014 concerning the Organization and Work Procedures of the University of Mataram.
- (3) UNRAM may propose organizational changes below organ Rector as meant on paragraph (1) to the Minister according to the need.
- (4) Change organization as meant on paragraph(3) set by Minister after get approval from the minister in charge of government affairs in field apparatus utilization country.

Paragraph 4 Internal Supervision Unit

Article 35

- The Internal Supervisory Unit as referred to in Article 30 letter c is an UNRAM organ that carries out non-academic supervisory functions for and on behalf of the Rector.
- (2) In carrying out the functions referred to in paragraph (1), the Internal Supervisory Unit has the following duties and authorities:
 - a. set policy program supervision internal non-academic field at UNRAM;
 - b. carry out internal supervision of the management of nonacademic fields including;
 - 1) supervision to aspect organization;
 - 2) supervision to aspect staffing;
 - 3) supervision to aspect finance; and
 - 4) supervision to goods owned by country.
 - c. carry out monitoring and coordination of follow-up results of internal and external supervision;
 - d. carry out assistance and review of financial statements;
 - e. prepare a report on the results of internal supervision to be reported to the Rector; and
 - f. provide suggestions and/or considerations regarding improving the management of non-academic activities to Rector on basis of results Internal monitoring.

- (1) Members of the Internal Supervisory Unit are at least 5 (five) people with a composition of areas of expertise:
 - a. financial Accounting;
 - b. management source power man;
 - c. management asset;
 - d. law; and
 - e. management.
- (2) Condition for lifted become a member Internal Oversight Unit:
 - a. believe and pious to God Which Supreme One;
 - b. faithful to Pancasila and Law National Policy of the Republic of Indonesia Year 1945;
 - c. educated most low magister;
 - d. position functional Very low lector;
 - e. has the lowest rank and class of administrator/IIIc;

- f. the highest age is 60 (sixty) years for Lecturers and the highest age is 53 (fifty three) years for Education Personnel;
- g. have good morals and high integrity to develop UNRAM;
- h. have experience in the field of expertise of at least 5 (five) years; and
- i. have a great sense of responsibility for the future of the nation and state.
- (3) Unit Supervisor Internals consists of:
 - a. chairman concurrently member;
 - b. secretary concurrently member; and
 - c. member.
- (4) Chairman, secretary, and member Unit Internal Supervisor as referred to in paragraph (3) is determined by the Rector.
- (5) The term of office for members of the Internal Oversight Unit is 4 (four) years and can be re-elected.
- (6) Further provisions regarding the Internal Supervisory Unit are regulated by a Rector's Regulation in accordance with statutory provisions.

Paragraph 5 Advisory Council

Article 37

- Advisory Council as referred to in Article 30 letter d is an organ that carries out the function of giving consideration to non-academic fields for the development of UNRAM.
- (2) The non-academic fields as referred to in paragraph (1) include organization, human resources, administration, finance, facilities and infrastructure, as well as planning and development.
- (3) Board Consideration own Duty and authority:
 - a. giving consideration to the Rector's policies in non-academic fields;
 - b. formulate suggestions/opinions to the Rector's policies in nonacademic fields; and
 - c. giving advice to the Rector in managing UNRAM.

- (1) Member of the Advisory Council are 5 (five) people.
- (2) Members of the Advisory Council consists of:
 - a. Governor of West Nusa Tenggara Province;
 - b. 2 (two) people from business element; and
 - c. 2 (two) people from public (community) figure element.

- (3) The Board of the Advisory Council consists of:
 - a. chairman concurrently member

b. secretary concurrently member; and

c. member.

- (4) The chairman, secretary and members of the Advisory Council as referred to in paragraph (3) are determined through a Rector's Decree.
- (5) Length of service Advisory Council members as referred to in paragraph (2) letters b and c for 4 (four) years and can be re-elected for 1 (one) term of office.
- (6) Further provisions regarding the procedures for selecting members of the Advisory Council are regulated by a Rector's Regulation.

CHAPTER V

THE APPOINTMENT AND TERMINATION SYSTEMS FOR

THE CHIEF OF ORGANS

Part One

Appointment

Paragraph 1

The Appointment of Senate

- (1) Senate led by a chairman and helped by secretary.
- (2) Chairman of the Senate is chosen from and by member.
- (3) The Election of the chairman of Senate is conducted in a Senate meeting.
- (4) The election meetings for the chairman of the Senate as referred to in paragraph (3) shall be chaired by the oldest member of the Senate and accompanied by the youngest member of the Senate.
- (5) The Senate meetings referred to in paragraph (4) shall be valid if it is attended by at least 2/3 (two thirds) of all members of the Senate.
- (6) The chairman of the meeting selects at least 2 (two) candidates for the chairman of the Senate from the members of the Senate being present.
- (7) The Election of the chairman of the Senate as meant on paragraph(3) is carried out by voting provided that each member of the Senate has the right to 1 (one) vote.
- (8) The elected Senate chairperson is the candidate with the most votes.
- (9) In the case that the selection of candidates for the chairman of the Senate as referred to in paragraph (6) is not fulfilled, the nomination time shall be extended on the same day for a maximum of 2 (two)

times 30 (thirty) minutes.

- (10) In the case that after the extension of the selection period as referred to in paragraph (9) only 1 (one) candidate for chairman is obtained, said candidate for chairman shall be appointed as chairman of the Senate.
- (11) The elected chairman of the Senate appoints 1 (one) member of the Senate as secretary of the Senate.
- (12) The chairman of the Senate as referred to in paragraph (8) or paragraph (10) and the secretary of the Senate as referred to in paragraph (11) are determined by a Rector's Decree.
- (13) Further provisions regarding the requirements and procedures for electing the chairman of the Senate shall be regulated by the Senate Rules.

Paragraph 2

Appointment of Leader of the Organ Manager

Article 40

- (1) Civil servant lecturers within UNRAM can be given additional assignments as Rector, vice-Rector, Dean, Vice-Dean, director of postgraduate, vice-Director of postgraduate, head of institution, secretary of institution, head of department/section, secretary of department/section, head of laboratory/workshop/studio, and head of technical implementation unit.
- (2) The head of the technical implementation unit as referred to in paragraph (1) is a technical implementing unit that carries out duties and functions in the academic field.
- (3) The Appointment of Lecturer as meant on paragraph (1) is conducted when there is a vacant job.
- (4) Vacancies as referred to in paragraph (3) occur because:

a. stop from holding the position; and/or

b. change of UNRAM organization.

- (5) Stop from holding the position as meant on paragraph (4) of point (a) includes:
 - a. period position ends;
 - b. permanently unable;
 - c. application;
 - d. lifted in position country which other;
 - e. convicted jail based on a court decision that has permanent legal force;
 - f. sentenced punishment at a discipline or heavy level;
 - g. dismissed temporary from the state office;

- h. undergoing study assignments or study permits for more than 6 (six) months by leaving the duties of conducting the Three Pillars of higher education;
- i. released from lecturer tasks position; and/or
- j. paid leave in the outside responsibility of the country.
- (6) Permanent absence as referred to in paragraph (5) letter b includes:
 - a. Pass away;
 - b. illness that cannot be cured as evidenced by the results of the examination by the Civil Servant Health Examination Team; or
 - c. quit civil servants at his own request.
- (7) Change of the organization as meant on paragraph (4) letter b includes:

a. addition and/or change of work units; or

b. change of UNRAM organisation.

- To be appointed as Rector, a Lecturer must meet the requirements in accordance with the provisions of the legislation.
- (2) To be appointed as vice-Rector, dean, vice-dean, postgraduate director, vice-director of postgraduate, head of institution, secretary of institution, head of department/section, secretary of department/department, head of laboratory/workshop/studio, and head of technical implementation unit must meet the requirements:
 - a. Lecturer is an active public servant;
 - b. believe in and fear the Almighty God;
 - c. physically and mentally healthy as evidenced by a doctor's certificate;
 - d. the highest age is 60 (sixty) years at the end of the term of the official in office;
 - e. willing to be nominated as vice-Rector, dean, vice-dean, postgraduate director, vice-director of postgraduate, head of institution, secretary of institution, head of department/section, secretary of department/section, head of laboratory/workshop/studio, or head of technical implementation unit which is stated in writing;
 - f. occupy position academic:
 - at least the chief Rector for the vice-Rector, dean, director of postgraduate program, head of the institution, and secretary of the institution; and
 - 2) the lowest is a lector position for vice-dean, vice-director of postgraduate program, head of

laboratory/workshop/studio and head of technical implementation unit.

- g. Graduation of:
 - Doctorate (S3) for vice-Rectors, deans, directors of postgraduates, vice directors of postgraduates, and heads of institutions; and
 - 2) the lowest is Masters (S2) for vice-dean, institutional secretary, head of department/section, secretary of department/section, head of laboratory/workshop/studio, or head of technical implementation unit.
- h. have managerial experience in a higher education environment:
 - for vice-Rectors, deans, and vice-deans at least as chairman/secretary of department/section or other equivalent designation for at least 1 (one) year; and
 - for head of department/section, at least as head of laboratory or other equivalent designation, at least 1 (one) year.
- i. have every element of the employee's work performance appraisal at least of good value in the last 2 (two) years;
- j. not currently undergoing study assignments or permits studying for more than 6 (six) months in the context of further studies leaving the duties of higher education the three pillars stated in writing;
- not currently serving a civil servant disciplinary sentence at a moderate or severe level;
- 1. no currently occupy position in outside UNRAM;
- m. free narcotics, precursor, and substance addictive other;
- n. has prepared and submitted a State Officials Wealth Report to the Corruption Eradication Commission;
- o. never been sentenced based on a court decision that has permanent legal force; and
- never commit plagiarism as stipulated in the provisions of laws and regulations.

- Education personnel within UNRAM can be appointed as high pratama officials/bureau heads, administrators/section heads, supervisors/subdivision heads or heads of technical implementing units.
- (2) Appointment official as meant on paragraph(1) conducted if there is vacancy position.

- (3) Vacancies as referred to in paragraph (2) occur because:
 - a. stop from holding the position; and/or
 - b. change of UNRAM organization.
- (4) Stop from holding the position as meant on paragraph(3) letter (a) includes:
 - a. period term ends;
 - b. being unable permanently;
 - c. personal proposal;
 - d. dismissed temporary from state job;
 - e. appointed in the other position;
 - f. convicted jail based on a court decision that has permanent legal force;
 - g. sentenced punishment at the discipline or heavy level;
 - h. undergo study assignments or study permits for more than 6 (six) months; and/or
 - i. paid leave in the outside country responsility.
- (5) Permanent absence as referred to in paragraph (4) letter b includes:
 - a. Pass away;
 - b. illness that cannot be cured as evidenced by the results of the examination by the Health Examiner Team; and/or
 - c. quit civil servants at his own request.
- (6) Change of organization as meant on paragraph (3) alphabet b includes:

a. addition and/or change work units; and

b. change of UNRAM organization.

- (7) To be appointed as high pratama officials/head of bureau, administrator/head part, and the supervisor/head of subdivision or head of the technical implementation unit, an education personnel must meet the requirements in accordance with the provisions of the laws and regulations.
- (8) To be appointed as the head of the technical implementation unit, an educational staff must meet the following requirements:
 - a. believe in and fear the Almighty God;
 - b. loyal to Pancasila and Constitution The 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;
 - c. educated Very low Bachelor;
 - d. aged a maximum of 53 (fifty three) years at the time of lifting;
 - e. have moral which good and h i g h integrity;
 - f. free from narcotics, precursor, and other addictive substance;
 - g. has prepared and submitted a State Official Wealth Report to the Corruption Eradication Commission;

- h. have every element of the employee's work performance appraisal at least of good value in the last 2 (two) years; and
- i. have big responsibility for the future of UNRAM.

Article 43

Vice-Rector, dean, vice-dean, director postgraduate, vice-director of postgraduate, head of institution, secretary of institution, head of department/section, secretary of department/section, head of laboratory/workshop/studio, and head of technical implementing unit as referred to in Article 41 are prohibited from holding concurrent positions in:

- a. the other organ in UNRAM;
- b. other university;
- c. institution government;
- d. other state or private-own public company; or
- e. other positions that may cause a conflict of interest with the interests of UNRAM.

Article 44

- Rector is appointed and dismissed by Minister in accordance with the provisions of the legislation.
- (2) The Rector's term of office is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 45

- (1) Vice-rector is appointed by Rector.
- (2) Job Period of the vice-Rector is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 46

- (1) Dean is appointed by Rector.
- (2) Job Period of dean is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 47

- (1) Vice-dean is appointed by Rector.
- (2) Job Period of vice-dean is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 48

 The director and vice-director of postgraduate program are appointed by the Rector. (2) The term of office of the postgraduate director and vice-director is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 49

- (1) Chairman of an institution is appointed by Rector.
- (2) The term of office for the chairman of the institution is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 50

- (1) Secretary of an institution is appointed by Rector.
- (2) The term of office of the secretary of an institution is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 51

- Heads of departments/sections are appointed by the Rector on the recommendation of the dean.
- (2) The term of office for the head of the department/department is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 52

- Secretary of department/section appointed by Rector on proposal from the head of the department through the dean.
- (2) The term of office for the secretary of the department/department is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Article 53

- The head of the laboratory/workshop/studio is appointed by the Rector on the recommendation of the dean.
- (2) The term of office for the head of the laboratory/workshop/studio is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed.

- (1) The Leader of the executor of the administration element consists on:
 - a. Pratama high official /head bureau;
 - b. administrators/heads of departments in bureaus, faculties, and institutions; and
 - c. supervisors/heads of subdivisions in bureaus, faculties, postgraduates, institutions, and technical implementing units.
- (2) Pratama high officials/bureau heads as referred to in paragraph (1) letter a are appointed and dismissed in accordance with the provisions of the laws and regulations.
- (3) Head of section/administrator and head of subsection/supervisor as

meant on paragraph (1) letter b and letter c are appointed and dismissed by the Rector in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 55

- (1) Head of the technical implementation units is appointed by Rector.
- (2) The term of office for the head of the technical implementation unit is4 (four) years and can be reappointed.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the appointment and dismissal of the head of the technical implementation unit are regulated by the Rector's Regulation.

Paragraph 3

Appointment of the Internal Supervisory Unit

Article 56

- The chairman and secretary of the Internal Supervisory Unit are appointed by the Rector.
- (2) The term of office of the chairman and secretary of the Internal Supervisory Unit is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed for 1 (one) term of office.

Paragraph 4

Appointment of the Advisory Council

- The Chairman of the Advisory Council is held by the Governor of West Nusa Tenggara Province.
- (2) The Chairman of the Advisory Council appoints one member of the Advisory Council as secretary of the Advisory Council.
- (3) The chairman and secretary of the Advisory Council are determined by the Rector.
- (4) The chairman of the Advisory Council, in carrying out his duties, may appoint a member as the daily chairman.
- (5) The term of office for the secretary of the Advisory Council is 4 (four) years and can be reappointed.
- (6) Further provisions regarding the Advisory Council are regulated by the Rector's Regulation.

Part Two Dismissal

Paragraph 1

Termination of the Leader of Managerial Organ

- (1) Rector, vice-Rector, dean, vice dean, postgraduate director, vice director of postgraduate, head of institution, secretary of institution, head of department/section, secretary of department/department, head of laboratory/workshop/studio, and head of technical implementation unit dismissed from their positions due to term of office his term ends.
- (2) The Rector can be dismissed before his term of office ends in accordance with statutory provisions.
- (3) Vice-Rector, dean, vice-dean, postgraduate director, vice postgraduate director, head of institution, institution secretary, head of department/department, secretary of department/department, head of laboratory/workshop/studio, and head of technical implementing unit can be dismissed before their term of office ends due to:
 - a. Personal proposal;
 - b. Being unable permanently;
 - c. Appointed in other official position;
 - d. convicted jail based on court decision that has the legal force of law;
 - e. sentenced punishment at the discipline or heavy level;
 - f. dismissed temporary from state office;
 - g. dismissed from tasks as Lecturer;
 - undergoing study assignments or study permits for more than 6 (six) months and leaving the duties of the Three Pillars of higher education;
 - i. paid leave in outside state responsibility; and/or
 - j. appointed to other positions in other organs within UNRAM, other universities, government agencies, state-owned or private companies, or other positions that may cause a conflict of interest with the interests of UNRAM.
- (4) Permanently absent as referred to in paragraph (3) letter b includes:
 - a. Pass away;
 - b. illness that cannot be cured as evidenced by the results of the examination by the Civil Servant Health Examiner Team; or
 - c. quit civil servants at his own request.

Article 59

- The dismissal of the Rector as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) is carried out by the Minister in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (2) Dismissal of the vice-Rector, dean, vice dean, postgraduate director, vice director of postgraduate, head of institution, institution secretary, head of department/section, secretary of department/section, head of laboratory/workshop/studio, and head of technical implementation unit as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (1) and paragraph (3) by the Rector in accordance with statutory provisions.

Article 60

In the case of dismissal of the Rector before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (2), the Minister shall designate the definitive Rector in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 61

- (1) In the case of the dismissal of the vice-Rector before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the definitive vice-Rector to continue the remaining term of office of the previous vice-Rector.
- (2) The vice-Rector who continues the remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years is counted as 1 (one) term position.

Article 62

- (1) In the case of dismissal of the dean before the term of office ends as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the definitive dean to continue the remaining term of office of the previous dean.
- (2) Deans who continue the remaining term of more than 2 (two) years are counted as 1 (one) term of office.

Article 63

- (1) In the case of the dismissal of the vice dean before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the definitive vice dean to continue the remaining term of office of the vice dean. former dean.
- (2) The vice dean who continues the remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years is counted as 1 (one) term position.

Article 64

(1) In the case of dismissal of the postgraduate director before the end of

his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the definitive postgraduate director to continue the remainder of the previous postgraduate director's term of office.

(2) Postgraduate directors who continue the remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years are counted as 1 (one) term of office.

Article 65

- (1) In the case of the dismissal of the postgraduate vice director before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the vice director definitive postgraduate to continue the remainder of the previous postgraduate vice director's term.
- (2) Vice director of postgraduate who continues the remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years is counted as 1 (one) term of office.

Article 66

- (1) In the case of dismissal of the chairman of the institution before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the chairman of the definitive institution to continue the remaining term of office of the chairman of the previous institution.
- (2) The head of that institution continuing the remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years is counted as 1 (one) term position.

Article 67

- (1) In the case of dismissal of the institutional secretary before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the definitive institutional secretary to continue the remaining term of office of the previous institutional secretary.
- (2) The secretaries of the institutions who continue their remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years are counted as 1 (one) term of office.

Article 68

In the case of the dismissal of the head of the department/department before the term of office ends as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the definitive head of the department/department at the suggestion of the dean to continue the remaining term of office of the head of the previous department/department.

(2) Heads of departments/sections who continue their remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years are counted as 1 (one) term of office.

Article 69

- (1) In the case of dismissal of the secretary of the department/section before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the definitive secretary of the department/section at the suggestion of the head of the department/section through the dean to continue the remaining term of office of the secretary of the previous department/section.
- (2) Secretary of department/section who continues the remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years is counted as 1 (one) term of office.

Article 70

- (1)the the In the case of dismissal of head of the laboratory/workshop/studio before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the head of the laboratory/workshop/studio on the recommendation of the dean to continue the remaining term of office of the head of the previous laboratory/workshop/studio.
- (2) Head of laboratory/workshop/studio who continues the remaining term of office for more than 2 (two) years is counted as 1 (one) term of office.

Article 71

- (1) In the case of the dismissal of the head of the technical implementation unit before the term of office ends as referred to in Article 58 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines the head of the definitive technical implementation unit to continue the remaining term of office of the previous head of the technical implementation unit.
- (2) The head of the technical implementation unit who passes on the rest length of service more than 2 (two) year, counted as 1 (one) term of office.

Paragraph 2

Termination of Senate, Supervisor of Internal Unit, and Advisory Council

Article 72

(1) The chairman and secretary of the Senate, chairman and secretary of

the supervisor of Internal Unit, and secretary of the Advisory Council are dismissed from their positions because their terms of office end.

- (2) The chairperson and secretary of the Senate and the chairperson and secretary of the supervisor of Internal Unit are dismissed before their terms of office end due to:
 - a. Quit on personal request;
 - b. Being unable permanently;
 - c. dismissed temporary from civil servant employee;
 - d. convicted jail based on a court decision that has permanent legal force;
 - e. released from tasks of Lecturer position;
 - f. currently undergo study d u t y or permission more than 6 (six) months;
 - g. sentenced punishment at the discipline or heavy level;
 - h. appointed in the other department; and/or
 - i. Paid leave outside of the state responsibility.
- (3) Secretary of the Advisory Council is dismissed before the end of his term of office because:
 - a. Quit on his personal request;
 - b. Being unable permanently; or
 - c. sentenced to imprisonment based on a court decision that has permanent legal force.
- (4) Permanently absent as referred to in paragraph (2) letter b and paragraph (3) letter b includes:
 - a. Pass away;
 - an incurable illness which causes one to be unable to carry out his/her duties and obligations, as evidenced by the results of the examination by the Health Examiner Testing Team or a certificate from an authorized official; or
 - c. dismissed from civil servants at their own request, except for the secretary of the Advisory Council.

Article 73

- (1) In the case of dismissal of the chairman of the Senate before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 72 paragraph (2), an election for a new chairman of the Senate will be held.
- (2) The election as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out in accordance with the provisions referred to in Article 39.

Article 74

In the case of dismissal of the Senate secretary before the end of his term of

office as referred to in Article 72 paragraph (2), the chairman of the Senate shall appoint the Senate secretary. the new one.

Article 75

In the case of the dismissal of the chairman of the Internal Supervisory Unit before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 72 paragraph (2), the Rector shall appoint and appoint a new chairman of the Internal Supervisory Unit.

Article 76

In the case of dismissal of the Internal Supervisory Unit secretary before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 72 paragraph (2), the Rector appoints and determines a new Internal Supervisory Unit secretary.

Article 77

In the case of dismissal of the Advisory Council secretary before the end of his term of office as referred to in Article 72 paragraph (3), the Rector appoints and determines a new Advisory Council secretary.

CHAPTER VI

CONTROL SYSTEM AND INTERNAL SUPERVISION

- (1) UNRAM's internal control and supervision system is an integral process of actions and activities carried out continuously by leaders and all employees to provide adequate assurance of achieving organizational goals through effective and efficient activities, reliability of financial reporting, safeguarding state assets, and compliance with legislation.
- (2) UNRAM's internal control and supervision systems:
 - a. ensure accountable financial and asset management;
 - b. ensure efficiency utilization of r e sources; and
 - c. ensure the accuracy of data and information resources for decision making.
- (3) control and internal supervision System of UNRAM is implemented based on the principles of:
 - a. obey principle;
 - b. accountability;
 - c. transparency;
 - d. objectivity;
 - e. honest; and

f. coaching.

- (4) The scope of t h e control system and UNRAM's internal supervision consists of:
 - a. Financial field;
 - b. Asset field;
 - c. Staffing field.
 - d. field of law; and
 - e. field of management.
- (5) Further provisions regarding the control system and internal supervision of UNRAM as referred to in paragraph (1) and the implementation mechanism is regulated by the Rector's Regulation in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

CHAPTER VII

LECTURER AND EDUCATION PERSONNELS

Article 79

- (1) Lecturer of UNRAM consists of:
 - a. permanent Lecturer; and
 - b. non-permanent Lecturer.
- (2) Permanent Lecturer as meant on paragraph (1) letter a is a Lecturer who works full time at UNRAM and is appointed and assigned as permanent staff at UNRAM.
- (3) Non-permanent lecturers as referred to in paragraph (1) letter b are lecturers who work part time at UNRAM.
- (4) The requirements and procedures for appointing non-permanent lecturers as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated by a Rector's Regulation after receiving consideration from the Senate.
- (5) position level of lecturer consists of:

a. assistant expert;

b. lecturer;

c. lecturer head; and

d. professor.

(6) The authority and procedures for appointment and dismissal of academic positions are carried out in accordance with statutory provisions.

- Lecturer appointments are based on the needs and prospects of the study program.
- (2) Procedures and mechanisms for the recruitment of Lecturers are

determined based on the provisions of laws and regulations.

- (3) Lecturer rights and obligations are regulated in accordance with statutory provisions.
- (4) Appointment, coaching and career development as well as dismissal of Lecturers are carried out in accordance with statutory provisions.

Article 81

- Education personnel within UNRAM consist of certain functional positions and general functional positions.
- (2) The duties, rights and obligations of educational staff as referred to in paragraph (1) are in accordance with the provisions of the laws and regulations.
- (3) Education Personnel career development is carried out in the form of improving academic qualifications and/or competence managerial and/or technical as Education Personnel regulated by Rector's Regulation with reference to national standards of higher education.
- (4) Further provisions regarding the procedures for appointment, placement, transfer, and termination education personnels is regulated in accordance with statutory provisions.

- (1) Lecturer and education personnels of UNRAM must:
 - a. adhere to and comply with Pancasila, the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia and laws and regulations and the code of ethics;
 - b. uphold religion and national culture;
 - c. uphold the good name and dignity of UNRAM;
 - d. perform duties with full dedication and responsibility;
 - e. improve capabilities in accordance with the demands of science and technology development as well as nation-building;
 - f. free from narcotics and other illegal drugs in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations; and
 - g. free from promiscuity and other disgraceful acts regulated in laws and regulations.
- (2) Violation of the obligations referred to in paragraph (1) may be subject to sanctions.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the implementation of rights and obligations as well as sanctions for Lecturers and Education Personnel as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) are regulated by the Rector's Regulation.

CHAPTER VIII

STUDENTS AND ALUMNI

- UNRAM students are students who are legally registered at wrong one program studies contained in UNRAM.
- (2) Students of UNRAM are entitled to:
 - a. obtain academic freedom responsibly in developing knowledge according to their interests;
 - b. obtain good teaching and academic services according to their needs;
 - c. utilize existing learning resources for smooth learning process;
 - d. utilize any means and infrastructures of UNRAM;
 - e. obtain information services related to the study program they are interested in;
 - f. obtain well-being services;
 - g. take part in student organization activities; and
 - h. apply for a transfer to another study program within UNRAM or to another university in accordance with statutory provisions.
- (3) Students of UNRAM must:
 - a. adhere to and comply with Pancasila, the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia, and laws and regulations and the code of ethics;
 - b. comply with all applicable regulations of UNRAM;
 - c. uphold good name and UNRAM's dignity;
 - d. maintain facilities and infrastructure, cleanliness, order, and security;
 - e. bear the costs of providing education, except for those who are exempt from this obligation;
 - f. value knowledge, technology, and/or arts;
 - g. guard authority and good name of UNRAM;
 - h. uphold religion and national culture;
 - maintain ethics and manners and stay away from acts that violate the law;
 - j. free from narcotics and other illegal drugs which are regulated in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations; and
 - k. free from promiscuity and other disgraceful acts regulated in laws and regulations.
- (4) Students who violate obligations are subject to sanctions in accordance with statutory provisions.

(5) Further provisions regarding the implementation of rights, obligations and sanctions as referred to in paragraph (2), paragraph (3) and paragraph (4) are regulated by Regulation Rector.

Article 84

- (1) Student organizations at UNRAM are based on the principles of, by, and for students.
- (2) Student Organizations function as receptacle of:
 - a. University level student voices to accommodate and channel student aspirations;
 - b. executor activity of student affairs;
 - c. communication among the students;
 - d. developing students' identity potential as academics, prospective scientists, and useful intellectuals in the future;
 - e. development of student management and leadership skills; and
 - f. maintaining and developing science, technology, and/or art based on religious, scientific, ethical, moral, and national insightful norms.
- (3) Student organizations as referred to in paragraph (1) can be formed at the university level, faculties and departments.

Article 85

- (1) UNRAM alumni are students who have graduated from UNRAM.
- (2) UNRAM alumni as referred to in paragraph (1) are organized in nonstructural alumni organizations and are formed to establish communication between alumni and between alumni and the almamater.
- (3) UNRAM alumni organizations are regulated in the Statutes and by laws of UNRAM alumni.

CHAPTER IX

MANAGEMENT OF FACILITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE

- UNRAM facilities and infrastructures consist of buildings, equipment, and other facilities used to expedite the process of implementing the Three Pillars higher education.
- (2) UNRAM facilities and infrastructure are obtained through funds sourced from the government, community, services, and production.
- (3) Facilities and infrastructures as meant on paragraph (2) is managed in a transparent and accountable manner in accordance with the provisions of

laws and regulations.

(4) Further provisions regarding facilities and infrastructure are regulated with the Rector's Regulation in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

CHAPTER X

MANAGEMENT OF BUDGET

Article 87

- Rector is required to prepare a UNRAM Revenue and Expenditure Budget Plan every year in accordance with statutory provisions.
- (2) Rector is required to prepare a Business Plan Budget sourced from fund reception n o n - s t a t e tax every year in accordance with the provisions of the legislation.
- (3) The preparation of the UNRAM revenue and expenditure budget plan and business budget plan as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) is carried out based on the suggestions from organizational units within UNRAM.
- (4) Rector is required to submit an income and expenditure budget plan and a budget business plan to the Ministery for approval by the Minister of Finance.
- (5) UNRAM's budget management is carried out by the Rector transparently, responsibly, efficiently, and effectively in accordance with the provisions of the legislation .
- (6) UNRAM's budget management accounting and reporting system is implemented in a transparent and responsible manner in accordance with statutory provisions.

CHAPTER XI

COOPERATION

- (1) UNRAM can cooperate in academic and non-academic fields with various parties, both universities and other parties from within and outside the country.
- (2) Cooperation in the academic field as referred to in paragraph (1) can be carried out through:
 - a. education, research, and community services;
 - b. Double Degree;
 - c. diversion and/or acquisition credit;
 - d. assignment of Lecturers as supervisors at other institutions;

- e. exchange of Lecturers and/or Students in organizing academic activities;
- f. utilization of various resources together;
- g. apprenticeship;
- h. promotion and exhibitions;
- i. publishing scientific issue periodically;
- j. organizing joint scientific meetings (seminars, symposiums, workshops, scientific publications and other scientific activities);
- k. other shape and required format of cooperation.
- (3) Non-academic cooperation as referred to in paragraph (1) can be carried out through:
 - a. contract management;
 - b. asset utilization;
 - c. product manufacturing and industrial service development including: training, business consulting, business assistance, research and industrial services other;
 - d. fund-raising;
 - e. intellectual service and royalty right; and/or
 - f. other shape and required format of cooperation.
- (4) The cooperation referred to in paragraph (1) aims to increase the effectiveness, efficiency, productivity, creativity, innovation, quality, and relevance of the implementation of the three pillars of higher education.
- (5) The cooperation referred to in paragraph (1) is based on partnership, equality, mutual benefit, and prioritizing UNRAM's tasks.
- (6) The cooperation referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out in accordance with the provisions of the laws and regulations.

CHAPTER XII

QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM

- UNRAM's internal quality assurance system is a process of establishing and fulfilling management quality standards in a planned, consistent, and sustainable manner.
- (2) The internal quality assurance system at UNRAM is developed with the aim of meeting and exceeding national higher education standards.
- (3) The internal quality assurance system is implemented by referring to the following principles:
 - a. oriented to internal and external stakeholders;

- b. prioritize truth;
- c. social responsibility;
- d. development competence personal;
- e. participatory and collegial;
- f. uniformity method; and
- g. innovation, study, and repair in a manner sustainable.
- (4) The scope of the internal quality assurance system includes:
 - a. Standards of national education consisting of:
 - 1. Content standards;
 - 2. standard process;
 - 3. standard graduate of competence;
 - 4. standard of educator and educational staff;
 - 5. standard of facility and infrastructure;
 - 6. standard management;
 - 7. standard of finance; and
 - 8. standard of education evaluation.
 - b. Study standard; and

c. standard devotion to Public.

- (5) The implementation of the internal quality assurance system is coordinated by the Institute for Quality Assurance and Education Development.
- (6) Further provisions regarding the guarantee system internal quality as referred to in paragraph (1) and the implementation mechanism is regulated by the Rector's Regulation in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

Article 90

- (1) UNRAM seeks accreditation and certification from independent bodies or authorized bodies/agencies to improve quality and efficiency in the implementation of the Three Pillars of higher education.
- (2) Accreditation as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out to determine the eligibility of study programs and/or institutions.
- (3) Rectors and heads of organizational units within UNRAM are responsible for the implementation of accreditation and certification.

CHAPTER XIII

PATTERNS AND METHODS OF DETERMINING REGULATION AND DECISION

Article 91

 The forms of regulations and decisions that apply within UNRAM are as follows:

- a. Low regulations;
- b. Senate Regulation;
- c. Rector Regulation; and
- d. Rector Decision.
- (2) The procedures for forming regulations and decisions within UNRAM as referred to in paragraph (1) letters b, c, and d are regulated by the Rector's Regulation in accordance with statutory provisions.

CHAPTER XIV

FUNDING AND PROPERTIES

Article 92

- (1) UNRAM funding sources can be obtained from various sources Including:
 - a. Central Government;
 - b. Regional Government;
 - c. Public Community;
 - d. Business income generating; and
 - e. other valid sources that do not violate laws and regulations.
- (2) The use of funds originating from sources from the Central Government and Regional Governments is managed in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (3) The use of funds obtained from the public is regulated and managed by the Rector in accordance with statutory provisions.

- UNRAM's assets include movable property, immovable property, and intellectual property which is owned by the Government and managed by UNRAM.
- (2) UNRAM wealth as referred to in paragraph (1) is utilized for the implementation of the Three Pillars of higher education and the development of UNRAM.
- (3) Funds obtained from utilizing UNRAM assets as referred to in paragraph (1) constitute non-tax state revenue.
- (4) UNRAM assets as referred to in paragraph (1) cannot be transferred to other parties in accordance with statutory provisions.

CHAPTER XV OTHER PROVISIONS

Article 94

- (1) Change of Statute could be conducted under the principle reasons of:
 - a. adjustments to the provisions of laws and regulations; and
 - b. there is a need to develop the implementation of education, research, community service, and/or development UNRAM.
- (2) Changes to the UNRAM Statute as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out in a meeting attended by vices of UNRAM organs.
- (3) Vices of the UNRAM organs as referred to in paragraph (2) consist of:a. 5 (five) people from the vice organ of Senate;
 - b. 5 (five) people from the vice organ of Rector;
 - c. 2 (two) vices of the Internal supervisory Unit organs; and
 - d. 1 (one) person from vice organ of Advisory Council.
- (4) The decision to change the UNRAM statutes should be based on deliberation for consensus.
- (5) In the case that deliberations for consensus as referred to in paragraph(4) cannot be reached, decisions are made through voting.
- (6) The Rector submits a proposal for changing the UNRAM Statute to the Ministery for stipulation.

CHAPTER XVI TRANSITION PROVISIONS

- (1) At the moment of this Minitrial Regulation start to commence:
 - a. all organizing academic activities and Non-Academic in UNRAM are still permanently held until all academic and nonacademic activities are matched with this Ministerial Regulation; and
 - b. all regulations implementing the Decree of the Minister of National Education of the Republic of Indonesia Number 088/O/2003 concerning the Statutes of the University of Mataram are still being implemented as long as they are not contradictory and have not been adapted to this Ministerial Regulation.
- (2) The adjustments as referred to in paragraph (1) are made no later than

1 (one) year after the stipulation of this Ministerial Regulation.

CHAPTER XVII

CLOSING PROVISIONS

Article 96

All implementing regulations of this Ministerial Regulation must be stipulated no later than 1 (one) year after the promulgation of this Ministerial Regulation.

Article 97

When this Ministerial Regulation comes into effect, the Decree of the Minister of National Education of the Republic of Indonesia Number 088/O/2003 concerning the Statutes of the University of Mataram, is revoked and declared invalid.

Article 98

This Ministerial Regulation shall come into effect from the date of the promulgation.

In order that everyone knows about it, ordered the promulgation of this Ministerial Regulation by placing it in the State Document of the Republic of Indonesia.

> Defined in Jakarta on the 13th June 2017

MINISTER OF RESEARCH, TECHNOLOGY, AND HIGHER EDUCATION REPUBLIC INDONESIA,

signed

MOHAMAD NASIR

Documented in Jakarta on date 4 September 2017

DIRECTOR GENERAL LEGAL LAW REGULATIONS

MINISTRY OF LAW AND HUMAN RIGHT

REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA,

signed

WIDODO EKATJAHJANA